PROTOCOL D.T.P. SERIOR PORT COMMS- PROCONM MARE 100 TRANSLATE TABLE JOATA BILL ODD PARITY 01 = 125 = } 02 = 123 = { 04 = 124 = { ISTART ISTOP BIT 13 = 00 = 5 = 126 SKANTI TRP8000 × REMOTE CONTROL DSC READOUT JJ [M; 021875 WR! MESSAYE INTERNAL M_R, COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL HOST/CU8000T (-> CU8000R Skandınavisk Teleindustri SKANTI A/S 34. Kirke Vaerlosevel DK 3500 Vaerlose Denmark Doc. no. 093 649 81 12302 1A 8-Jul-55

1.	TABLE OF CONTENTS.
	Section Contents Page
	1TABLE OF CONTENTS2
	2GENERAL INFORMATION
	2.1
	3ISO/OSI STRUCTURE
	O O O PRESENTATION LAYER.
	O O CECCIÓN LAYER
	TRANSPORT LAYER
	3.5NETWORK LAYER
	3.5DATA LINK LAYER
5	4COMMUNICATIONS CODES & SYNTAXES
	A A COMMUNICATIONS HANDIING
,	
í-	4.1.2CU8000 KEYBOARD COMPATIBLE COMMANDS
	A D D TRANSMITTER GROUP.
	A D A MODE GROUP
	$A \circ C$
	4.2.7MISCELLANEOUS GROUP
	4.2.7
	4.3.1SINGLE CHARACTER COMMANDS
	A O O 1 CET TUNE PATE
	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
	4.3.2.5SET OPTION REGISTER
	4.3.2.5SET OFFICE REGISTER
~	
/	a a a a a a a a a a
•	A A D MULTIRIE CHARACTER COMMANDS
	A 4 9 4 5 4 5 11 TURDOR SCAN BUFFFR
	4.4.2.1SCAN FREQUENCIES IN TU8000 SCAN BUFFER
	4.5SYSTEM STATUS COMMANDS
	A A READONATE TO STANDARD COMMANDS AND SYNTAXES
	4.6.2TX TUNE
	- A A A DEAD DEAD DEAD ENERY (SECOND FUNCTION 244)
	1 A 2 E 1 BEAR ON UERSION (SECUND EUNULIUN 296)
	4.6.6READ TU8000 VERSION (SECOND FUNCTION 247)
	5CUSDOOR IN PRACTISE
	5.1.2

		n an Shanner Thailte				E argit	
	5.1.3PRI 5.2EXAMP	ORITY SWITCHING					
	5.2.1SIN	IGLE COMMAND SEC	QUENCE		• • • • • • • • •	17	-
	5.2.2MUL 5.2.3COM	MAND - RESPONSE	E SEQUENCE.			17	
	5.2.4STA 5.2.5COM						
•	5.2.6ERR	OR HANDLING				17	
*	5.2.7LIN	K INITIALIZATIO		• • • • • • • • • • •		18	
<i>;</i>							÷
					•		
\bigcirc		• •					
-							

2. GENERAL INFORMATION.

The present manual contains a detailed description of the software structure and behavior associated with the remote controlled versions of TRP8000.

7-2-9-6

2.1. NOTICE.

Due to the constant processing of the experience gained during production and operation of our equipment, minor modifications may occur relative to the information given in this manual. Whenever practicable updates and new issues of the manual will be released. Thus, it is advisable to make sure that this manual corresponds to the actual equipment in question.

The contents of this manual corresponds to the CU8000R software version 80.0 when configured to "remote control enabled" by programming address FEDh in the Configuration PROM to 00h.

SKANTI shall not be held responsible for any errors in this manual and reserves the right to update and renew it without notification.

2.2. SCOPE.

 \succ

This manual is intended for use by the designers of host computers and similar devices for supervision and control of one or more equipments via CU8000R. Further more, some references are made to CU8000T for explanatory reasons. 3. ISO/OSI STRUCTURE.

Structure defined according to ISO's Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) standard :

5 g L

3.1. APPLICATION LAYER.

The information to be communicated falls into 3 different groups -

- 1. Operational commands using the syntax available via the CU8000 keyboard.
- 2. Operational commands using special remote syntax.
- 3. System status reports.

CU8000 displays all information as if it was entered manually.

3.2. PRESENTATION LAYER.

Even though all keys on the CU8000 keyboard have a specific communication code, some key functions perform toggle operations (i.e. RF AMP) and are therefore supplemented with direct function codes. Communication between 2 CU8000s uses these codes and will further more substitute the RECALL syntax for an equivalent RX-TX-MODE sequence.

Operations like STOre, SET TIME, SPEAKER, SQUELCH etc. are local. Thus, the CU8000T will execute the manually entered local commands, but it will not repeat them to the CU8000R.

3.3. SESSION LAYER.

All information are transmitted and error checked one character at a time to eliminate long repetitions on bad connections.

3.4. TRANSPORT LAYER.

When ever CU8000R receives an information from the remote data link it will exclude all local keyboard operations for at least 5 seconds, and thereby establish a remote priority which may be kept alive by the periodical transmission of an arbitrarily chosen command (e.g. ENTER or BEL).

3.5. NETWORK LAYER.

 ${\rm CUS000R}$ supports a multiplexed connection by means of the SOH, STX, ETX and DLE commands.

3.6. DATA LINK LAYER.

7 data bits coded according to ASCII. Communication is performed by means of messages each consisting of a sequence of characters, which may be broken down into 3 consecutive groups -

- A nonnumeric command field indicating the function in question.
- A numeric parameter field giving the value associated with the command.

Fage

(

3. A delimiter (Carriage Return) to indicate end of parameter field or pseudo operation. The delimiter is not required for single character commands such as "AGC ON".

Each received character is error checked with respect to parity and framing, which will result in the transmission of either ACKnowledge to identify no errors detected or NegativeAcKnowledge to identify one or more errors detected. The later situation requires retransmission of the faulty character, since there is no error correction mechanism in the system. The data receiving unit will not transmit new data between the time it issues the first ACK character and the time this or a repeated ACK (if NAK is received) has been accepted by the data transmitting unit. Acceptance of an ACK character is definitive when no NAK character has been received for 100 milliseconds after the stop bit of the ACK character has been transmitted.

3.7. PHYSICAL LINK LAYER.

RS232C serial interface. Asynchronous mode. 300 or 2400 baud. 1 start bit, 7 data bits. 1 parity bit - odd. 1 stop bit.

4. COMMUNICATIONS CODES & SYNTAXES.

This section describes all valid communications codes. Other codes will be acknowledged but neglected. All standard operational keyboard syntaxes are available as described in the standard manuals. All additional syntaxes are described below.

Terms defined for this section :

Command : Single code transmitted to CU8000R. Message : Single code transmitted by CU8000R. Parameter : One or more codes transmitted to CU8000R. Response : One or more codes transmitted by CU8000R on request.

4.1. COMMUNICATIONS HANDLING.

List format :

[hexadecimal code] [ASCII character] [description]

.

4.1.1. COMMANDS.

- 01 SOH ENABLE LINK. After power-on, reset or the DLE command/ message has been issued, SOH is used to enable transmission (incl. ACK and NAK) and further reception. Subsequent to SOH only DLE and STX are executable.
- 02 STX ENABLE COMMANDS. After the link has been enabled by SOH or commands have been disabled by ETX, STX is used to enable execution of other commands than DLE and STX (plus ACK and NAK if following an ETX).

03 ETX DISABLE COMMANDS. Subsequent commands will have no effect with the exceptions of ACK, DLE, NAK, and STX.

- 04 EOT END OF TRANSMISSION. The priority timer internal to CU8000R will be cleared. Thus, the remote priority is lost immediately instead of after the usual 5 seconds time out. Both the link and command execution remain enabled except if the priority change generates a reset (ref. 5.1.3).
- 06 ACK ACKNOWLEDGE LAST CODE. An error free character has been received. This command is used every time a character is received other than ACK and NAK to enable further transmission.
- 10 DLE DISABLE LINK. Transmission will immediately be limited to ACK and executable commands limited to ACK and NAK until the acknowledge procedure is completed. Then all buffers will be flushed and the link brought to the state prior to SOH.
- 15 NAK NEGATIVE ACKNOWLEDGE LAST CODE. An erroneous character has been received and neglected. The last character will be retransmitted unless it already has been acknowledged. in which case ACK will be transmitted as default.

řage .

(

ť

18 CAN CANCEL STATUS RESPONSE. Used instead of ACK to acknowledge a received status response code (ref. 4.5.2) and terminate the response readout. Even though it replaces an ACK command, CAN will be acknowledged by CU8000R with ACK.

4.1.2. MESSAGES.

.

- 06 ACK ACKNOWLEDGE LAST CODE. An error free character different from ACK and NAK has been received.
- 10 DLE DISABLE LINK. CU8000R and TU8000 are resetting due to priority switching, end of selftest or fatal error. The remote link will be closed for further receptions in a periode of approximatly 3 seconds and will then have to be reenabled together with the command use.

15 NAK NEGATIVE ACKNOWLEDGE LAST CODE. An erroneous character has been received and neglected because of transmission error of lack of buffer capacity.

4.2. CU8000 KEYBOARD COMPATIBLE COMMANDS.

The following codes represents the keyboard of CU8000 and may be used to implement remote control with the exact same syntax as described for the normal keyboard operation (ref. TRP8### TECHNICAL MANUAL).

Each group represents all the keys in one of the graphically isolated areas of the keyboard layout.

Each key is listed in the format :

[hexadecimal code] [ASCII character] [key label] [remarks]

	4.2.1.	MAII	GROUP.
١	0D -	CR	ENTER
	30	0	0
	31	1	1
	32	2	2
	33	3	2 3
	34	4	4
	35	5	5
	36	6	6 1
	37	7	7
	38	8	8, ¹ , 9
	39	9	9
	ЗA	:	RX
	38	;	TX
	ЗC	λ.	RCL

4.2.2. RECEIVER GROUP.

ЗD	=	TUNE DOWN	
ЗE	>	TUNE UP	
ЗF	2	TUNE RATE	
40	@+ .	BEO DOWN	
41	ê.	BFO UP	



42 B WIDE INTERMEDIATE 43 C NARROW 44 D 45 VERY NARROW Ε F SPEAKER 46 47 G RF AMP ANT ATT 48 н SQUELCH 49 I 4A AGC ON J AGC FAST 4B к 4C L AGC SLOW 4D AGC OFF М SENSITIVITY DOWN 4E Ν 4F 0 SENSITIVITY UP VOLUME DOWN VOLUME UP 5ú P Q 51 4.2.3. TRANSMITTER GROUP. (response described in 4.6.2.) TX TUNE 52 R 53 S LOW POWER LOW POWER & MEDIUM POWER (double key for 750 watts only) Т 54 MEDIUM POWER 55 U MEDIUM POWER & FULL POWER (double key for 750 watts only) 56 V FULL POWER 57 W .• 4.2.4. MODE GROUP. 58 X USB Y LSB 59 AM 5A Z 5B [TELEX 5C \mathbf{i} RЗE 5D 1 СМ 5E ^ MCW 4.2.5. FAST SELECT GROUP. 2182 (the speaker will not be switched on) 5F 60 T 500 (the speaker will not be switched on) 4.2.6. ALARM GENERATOR GROUP. TEST ALARM (left key & STOP ALARM pressed simultaneously -the speaker will not be switched on) 61 **a** STOP ALARM 62 b SEND ALARM (left & right keys pressed simultaneously - the speaker will not be switched on) 63 c 4.2.7. MISCELLANEOUS GROUP. 64 d STO 65 e SCAN SET TIME 66 f 67 9 DUPLEX DIMMER DOWN 68 h 69 i 6A j DIMMER UP TX ON/OFF

. 4

4.3. CUBOOD KEYBOARD SUPPLEMENTARY COMMANDS.

Those keys having status-relative functions are supplemented with absolute function commands listed below.

4.3.1. SINGLE CHARACTER COMMANDS.

Each command is listed in the format :

[hexadecimal code] [ASCII character] [function label]

SWITCH SPEAKER ON 68 k SWITCH SPEAKER OFF 6C 1 SWITCH RF AMPLIFIER ON SWITCH RF AMPLIFIER OFF 6D m 6E n SWITCH ANTENNA ATTENUATOR ON 6F 0 SWITCH ANTENNA ATTENUATOR OFF 70 р SWITCH SQUELCH ON 71 q SWITCH SQUELCH OFF 72 ٢ SWITCH DUPLEX ON 73 S SWITCH DUPLEX OFF 74 t SWITCH TX ON 75 u SWITCH TX OFF 76 U

4.3.2. MULTIPLE CHARACTER COMMANDS.

List format :

[description]

```
Command : [hexadecimal code] [ASCII character]
Parameter : [decimal range] [translation]
Delimiter : [hexadecimal code] [ASCII character]
```

The parameters are numerical values expressed in decimal and communicated using ASCII coded numbers and signs. The sign may be omitted for values greater than or equal to zero.

The valid parameter ranges include the limits.

4.3.2.1. SET TUNE RATE.

Command							
Parameter	:	0 - 3	Translation	:	0	=	10 Hz/step
,					1	=	100 Hz∕step
					2	=	1 kHz/step
					З	=	programmable

Delimiter : OD CR

4.3.2.2. SET BEO FREQUENCY.

```
Command
        : 78 ×
Parameter : -30 - 30 Translation : Direct signed SFO frequency in
                                  100 Hz resolution.
Delimiter : OD CR
```

```
. . .
    4.3.2.3. SET VOLUME ATTENUATION.
       Command : 79 y
Parameter : 0 - 99
                               Translation : Logarithmic scale
                                              0 = -68 \, dB
                                              99 = 0 dB
      Delimiter : OD CR
    4.3.2.4. SET DIMMER LEVEL.
        Command : 7A z
                               Translation : Logarithmic scale
       Parameter : 0 - 5
                                              0 = no light
                                              5 = full light
      Delimiter : OD CR
     4,3.2.5, SET OPTION REGISTER.
       Command : 78 <
Parameter : 0 - 255 Translation : The value of the register
                                              considered as a byte.
        Delimiter : OD CR
    4.3.2.6. SET PRESET REGISTER.
        Command : 7C |
        Parameter : 0 - 255
                              Translation : The value of the register
                                               considered as a byte.
        Delimiter : OD CR
     4.3.2.7. SET GUARD REGISTER.
        Command : 7D }
Parameter : 0 - 255
                              Translation : The value of the register
                                               considered as a byte.
        Delimiter : OD CR
- .
12
     4.4. ADDITIONAL COMMANDS.
        The following commands are related to functions available for the
        remote control versions of CU8000 only and are therefore not
        described in the standard manuals.
     4.4.1. SINGLE CHARACTER COMMANDS.
        Each command is listed in the format :
          [hexadecimal code] [ASCII character] [function label] [remarks]
        07 BEL BEEP
         21 ! RESET SYSTEM
22 " KEY TRANSMITTER
                                       Irrespective of the syntax state.
                                       Transparent to the syntax state. The
                                       transmitter will be keyed automatical-
                                       ly when ever CU8000R enables Keying if the transmitter mode is either AM.
                                       LSB, R3E, USB or (if PRESET bit 0 = 0)
                                       TELEY.
```

23 # UNKEY TRANSMITTER Transparent to the syntax state. The transmitter will be unkeyed when ever the mode is either AM, LSB, R3E, USB, or (if PRESET bit 0 = 0) TELEX.

rage ...

4.4.2. MULTIPLE CHARACTER COMMANDS.

List format :

.

[description]

Command : [hexadecimal code] [ASCII character] Parameter : [description] Delimiter : [hexadecimal code] [ASCII character]

4.4.2.1. FILL TUSODO SCAN BUFFER.

To minimize frequency shift times during scanning, TU8000 contains a frequency pair buffer which is accessible using short commands to direct an internal pointer. To scan frequencies not stored in CU8000R this buffer may be filled using the following syntax.

Command : 24 \$ Parameter : One or more frequency pairs (receiver first) using the normal CU8000 keyboard compatible syntax, without the terminating ENTER. Delimiter : OD CR

4.4.2.2. SCAN FREQUENCIES IN TU8000 SCAN BUFFER.

Frequencies stored in the TU8000 scan buffer (ref.4.4.2.1) will be used in sequence by the TU8000 when CU8000R receives the syntax below.

During execution of the syntax from the reception of the first parameter code, CU8000R enables keying, lifts receiver muting and displays a "c" in both the RX and TX displays unless the frequency display parameter is used.

At the end of the syntax CU8000R restores according to the latest received RX and TX frequencies (display parameters included), but it will not update the TU8000 until it is required by another command or if the remote priority stops.

If no parameters are used (a single command immediately followed by the delimiter) the internal TU8000 scan buffer pointer (ref. 4.4.2.1) will be reset to the first frequency pair.

Command : 25 %

Parameter : Each time the command code is repeated the TU3000 will advance the internal scan buffer pointer to the next frequency pair and use it. Since the frequencies at this time is unknown to CU8000R the frequency displays will be set to "c". They may be updated using the normal CU8000 keyboard compatible syntaxes, without the terminating ENTER. Digits received after each repeated command code and before a TX command will be interpreted as receiver display digits.

Delimiter : 0D CR

4.5. SYSTEM STATUS COMMANDS.

List format :

[command description]

Command .	:	[hexadecimal code]	[ASCII	character]
Response	:	[description]		
		[translation]		

4.5.1. READ TUB000 CONFIGURATION.

Command	:	28 (
Response	:	ASCII	coded	label	string	indicating	the	hardware
•		instal						

Translation : Leading character - always : * Filter heading - always : X X1A filter label - if not X1B : 1A X1B filter label - if not X1A : 1B X2 filter label - if installed : 2 X3 filter label - if installed : 3 X4 filter label - if installed : 4 X5 filter label - if installed : 5 Simplex label - if not duplex : 5 Duplex label - if not duplex : 5 Duplex label - if not FCC : C FCC filter label - if not FCC : C FCC filter label - if installed : M 750 W label - if not 250 W : P Delimiting character - always : >

4.5.2. READ TU8000 & ATUS000 STATUS.

This command is used to read the bargraphs and similar status indicators on the frontpanel of CU8000R. The response will continue until the CAN command is issued instead of ACK (ref. 4.1.1). If the command is issued before a response transmission is terminated, the rest of the old and the status response will be transmitted mixed.

Command : 2A * Response : Continuous string of ASCII coded characters indicating the status in real time. If no other status change occures the signal strength will be read out. The transmitter protection status, SWR status and ATU8000 tuning error status will be read out only if they change or if they have an abnormal state (reduced power, SWR (4, ATU erroneous) when the command is issued.

Translation :

SIGNAL STRENGTH. Independent of the signal type the numeric range falls between 0 and 20 (decimal both included). The measurement value is added to the decimal value 96 to cover the ASCII coded characters from ' to t. The first and every odd time the signal strength is transmitted it will refer to the receiver. The second and every even time it will refer to the transmitter. This is the only way to recognize the measurement source. OTHER STATUS. A unique ASCII character is assigned to each of 6 different status informations :

مر د ا

(

Last ATU8000 tuning was succesfull : u Last ATU8000 tuning was erroneous : v SWR < 4 : w SWR > 4 : x Normal transmitter output level : y Reduced transmitter output level : z

4.5.2.1. SINGLE READOUT.

Since all abnormal status informations will be read out first, the CAN command may be issued after the second signal strength have been received to obtain a single momentary readout.

4.5.2.2. CONTINUOUS READOUT.

Until the CAN command is issued the status will continue to be read out, thus obstructing other commands to be issued. To provide fast transfer during the transmission of the status response the below procedure is recommended rather than terminating and restarting the response.

- 1. Wait until an error free character is received.
- Transmit the new command or parameter character instead of the ACK command.
- 3. Wait until the new command character is acknowledged.
- 4. Repeat from step 2 until all new characters transmitted.
- 5. Transmit the missing ACK command to resume status response.

If the new command requires response, it will be transmitted mixed with the status response.

4.6. RESPONSES TO STANDARD COMMANDS AND SYNTAXES.

4.6.1. BFO DOWN/UP.

CU8000R will respond by transmitting the resulting BFO frequency in the ASCII coded decimal format :

[sign] [1kHz digit] [100Hz digit]

The format will always contain 3 characters.

4.6.2. TX TUNE.

When the tuning operation is completed CU8000R will transmit the single ASCI! coded character > (hexadecimal 3E).

4.6.3. EXECUTE SELFTEST (SECOND FUNCTIONS 200 - 203).

CUSUOUR will respond by transmitting the test number before and the test result after each test in the following ASCII coded format :

Leading character - repeated for each test : * Test number digit - tens - all tests : 0 - 9 Test number digit - units - all tests : 0 - 9 Test result digit - tens - manual testing only : 0 - 9 Test result digit - units - manual testing only : 0 - 9 Total test result - automatic testing only : 00 Delimiting character - end of selftest : >

Having transmitted the delimiting character CU8000R will transmit the DLE message and reset (ref. 4.1.2).

If the start test number entered during second function 202 or 203 are illegal, only a single leading character immediately followed by the delimiting character are transmitted as response. CU8000R will not reset in this situation.

4.6.4. READ BFO FREQUENCY (SECOND FUNCTION 244).

CU8000R will respond by transmitting the present BFO frequency in the format specified in paragraph 4.6.1.

4.6.5. READ CU VERSION (SECOND FUNCTION 246).

CU8000R will respond by transmitting its software version in the ASCII coded format :

: * Leading character : V Version heading Release year digit - tens : 0 - 9 Release year digit - units : 0 - 9 Release month digit - tens : 0 - 1 Release month digit - units : 0 - 9 Release day digit - tens : 0 - 3 Release day digit - units : 0 - 9 : -Delimiting character : 0 - 9 Version digit - tens Version digit - units : 0 - 9 : 0 - 9 Issue digit : > Delimiting character

4.6.6. READ TU8000 VERSION (SECOND FUNCTION 247).

CU80000R will respond by transmitting the software version of the TU80000 in the format specified in paragraph 4.6.5.

5. CU8000R IN PRACTISE.

As the power is switched on or reset occures CU8000R initializes as a standard Control Unit. That is, TU8000 is polled for hardware configuration and then the old status is transferred before the keyboard is enabled. At this point CU8000R has local priority with the link disabled, but at any later point the link may be enabled and priority changed to remote (ref. 4.1.1 SOH and STX commands). The initialization procedure lasts approximately 3 seconds, in which time the interface hardware is idle. After initialization the remote interface hardware is cleared and reset, which eliminates data communication for the duration of the complete period.

ا بوليه ا

ŧ

5.1. PRIORITY.

Any system serving more than one user, must include a priority mechanism to avoid operative conflicts. CU8000R is no exception to the rule, as it includes two levels of priority (local and remote) each strictly isolated from the other.

5.1.1. LOCAL PRIORITY.

When in the local priority state CU8000R functions as a standard Control Unit except for the speaker annunciator. This lamp will flash slowly (0.25 sec on / 0.75 sec off) until the speaker button is pressed, to indicate that the setting have been modified during a prior remote priority state.

5.1.2. REMOTE PRIORITY.

When in the remote priority state CU8000R disables the keyboard, and normal keying. The speaker annunciator flashes fast (0.25 sec on / 0.25 sec off) to identify the state and the other annunciators and displays show the present status as normal.

5.1.3. PRIORITY SWITCHING.

Switching FROM LOCAL TO REMOTE priority happens when CU8000F(receives the first command character from the remote link (when the link has been enabled by the SOH command - ref.4.1.1), provided it is not in the middle of a manually entered syntax. In that case only the RESET command (ref. 4.4.1) will affect the completion of the syntax.

Switching FROM REMOTE TO LOCAL priority happens automatically 5 seconds after CU8000R receives the last information from the remote link or immediately as it receives the EOT command (ref. 4.1.1), and it will generate a reset in either of the below situations :

- 1. A command syntax is incomplete.
- 2. Scanning is in progress.
- 3. The TU8000 scan table is unknown to CU8000R (ref. 4.4.2.1).
- 4. The alarm generator is running.

```
Carge L
   5.2. EXAMPLES OF REMOTE COMMUNICATION.
     List format :
       [description]
          HOST : [ASCII codes transmitted by host]
               [time axis - one code period between two vertical bars
                unless otherwise noted]
          CUR : [ASCII codes transmitted by CU8000R]
   5.2.1. SINGLE COMMAND SEQUENCE.
    TUNE DOWN (ref.4.2.2)
         HOST :
                =
              CUR : ACK
  5.2.2. MULTIPLE COMMAND SEQUENCE.
     SET GUARD REGISTER TO 00100101 (binary) (ref.4.3.2.7)
                >
                     з
                          7 ' CR
         HOST :
               CUR : ACK ACK ACK ACK
   5.2.3. COMMAND - RESPONSE SEQUENCE.
     BF0 DOWN (ref. 4.2.2)
         HOST : @
                                 ACK ACK ACK
               --!-!--!- 100 msec -!-!--!-!--!-!--!--
ACK + 0 7
        CUR :
                   An in
  5.2.4. STATUS RESPONSE SEQUENCE.
     SINGLE READOUT (ref. 4.5.2.1)
ACK ACK CAN
         HOST :
                 *
              CUR :
   5.2.5. COMMAND INSERTION DURING STATUS RESPONSE.
     KEY TRANSMITTER (ref. 4.4.1 & 4.5.2)
         HOST : ACK " ACK ACK
              CUR : a
                        ACK
                              ь
   5.2.6. ERROR HANDLING.
     SET RECEIVER FREQUENCE TO 12.3 kHz (ref. 4.2.1)
```

- <u>- 10</u>

l

1

S.2.7. LINK INITIALIZATION.

The following procedure is recommended to initialize the link after power on or reset or when ever the state of the link is unknown. OOH and STX are used to enable the link and further command execution. CAN secures termination of continuous responses and may be omitted if this facillity is unused by the host. The first two OR commands will fill up all remote character buffers in CU3000R. if it is in the middle of a local syntax. Thus, the third CR command will force a NAK message to be generated, which may be used to signal that a RESET command is necessary. Otherwise, the CR commands secures that CU3000R has terminated any remote syntax. If nothing at all are transmitted by CU3000R within a period of 10 milliseconds + the transmission time of two codes (67 milliseconds @ 300 baud), measured from the time CU3000R receives the stop bit of the command character code, either the connection is broken or CU3000R is switched off.

ност	:	SOH	S	он		SOH	SOH	(
CUR	•		msec-1-	1-7	7 msec-	11-77	msec-1	 АСК
C. D.K.	•						e più anna anna anna anna anna anna anna an	
			CAN 			CR	- - -3	sec-l-
		ACK	ACK	A	CK A	iCK NAI	K ACK	

Skanti Transmitter Control FROM REMOTE PORT SINGLE CONTROL UNIT WORKING

Reference should be made to the SKANTI TRPB000 REMOTE CONTROL manual. SECTION The Skanti serial port is set up as follows.

> 300 baud 7 data bits Odd parity 1 stop bit

All data is shown in hex.

.....

Data is received from the Skanti system in response to data sent and is 06 (ACK) or 15 (NAK).

If a NAK is received then the previous character is resent. In the trials model any character except a NAK is taken to be an ACK. For this reason, it is possible to fool the DSC equipment into thinking it is connected to a Skanti system by linking data in to data out. An overall timeout of 3 seconds is allowed for the complete data it unce to be transmitted.

Dat		Data	Any other action.	Skanfi command description,
sen		rcvd	Mity other actions	OKanit Councils describer out
01				switch dsc interface on.
~ .				note. This is a special command used
				only for the Coastquard remote sites
				but should not affect normal Skanti
				installations,
			wait 2 seconds	
			start 3 sec timeout	
01		06		enable link.
02		06		enable commands.
18		06 .		cancel status response.
0 D		06		enter)
0 D		06		enter) clear command buffer.
0 D		06		enter)
end ein		06		switch Tx on.
i 🖯	3B	06		TX
32		06		2)
31		06		1)
38		ŨЬ		8) frequency.
37		06		7).
- 35		06		5)
0 D		06		enter.
5B		06		telex.
57		06		full power.
52		06		tune transmitter.
04		06	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	end of message.
10		06		disable link.
			Tx start o/p low	
			Tx key o/p low	
			Check Tx ready is 1	οω
			Send message	and the second secon
			Tx key o/p high	
			Ix start 0/p high	
			start 3 sec timeout	enable link,
01		06		enable link,

enable commands. cancel status response. enter)
enter) clear command buffer,
enter) switch Tx on. "2182" tune transmitter. . end of message. disable link.



18

0 D

- 0 D

5F 52

10

:







8000 SYSTEMS ARCHITECTURE "你们我已我们我们我们我们的你不是你的你我们都会有什么?" IMUNICATION PROTOCOL CU 8000/HOST <--> TU 8XXX PUCTURE DEFINED ACCORDING TO 150/051: AYER 1 (PHYSICAL LINK) -----R5 232C SERIAL INTERFACE @ 300 BAUD SYNCHROHOUS MODE: 1 START BIT, 2 DATA BITS, 1 PARITY (ODD) BIT AND 1 STOP SIT. HYER 2 (DATA LINK) _____ 7 DATA BITS CODED ACCORDING TO ASCII UPPER CASE CHARACTER SUBSET (HEX CODES FROM \$20 TO \$5F). AYER 4 (TRANSPORT) COMMUNICATION IS PERFORMED BY MEANS OF MESSAGES EACH CONSISTING OF A SE-THE OF CHARACTERS, WHICH MAY BE BROKEN DOWN INTO 3 CONSECUTIVE GROUPS: IN ALPHA CHARACTER FIELD (USUALLY A MNEMONIC) INDICATING THE FUNCTION IN QUESTION, (2) AN OPTIONAL, NUMERIC FIELD GIVING THE VALUE OF THE PARA-HETER ASSOCIATED WITH (1), AND FINALLY: (3) THE MESSAGE DELIMITER, () = "CARRIAGE RETURN"). TWO KINDS OF MESSAGES ARE SUPPORTED: COMMANDS (CU 8000/HOST -> TU 8XXX) AND STATUS MESSAGES (TU 8XXX -> CU 8000/HOST). A SUBSET OF THE LATTER IS JSED TO ACKNOWLEDGE/NOT ACKNOWLEDGE COMMANDS RECEIVED BY TU 8XXX. SYNCRONIZATION IS PERFORMED USING XON/XOFF CHARACTERS. THE TRANSCEIVER WILL SEND A XOFF (13H) WHEN ITS BUFFER IS FULL, THE CONTROL JNIT MUST THEN STOP TRANSMISSION UNTIL A XON (11H) IS RECIEVED. J/OSI, ISS CASE ------1 APPLICATION 1 USER PROGRAM (EG MARITEX) _____ 1 TTY ("DUMP" CRT) I PRESENTATION I _____ 1 _____ ł I SESSION POWER-UP AUTO-CONFIGURATION 1 1 -----1 1 COMMAND/STATUS MESSAGES I TRANSPORT 1 ACKNOWLEDGE FUNCTION 1 1 I NETWORK 1 -----1 1 _____ ASC11 I DATA LINK I. I PHYSICAL LINK RS 232C ١

MAND MESSAGE FORMAT		
1CT10N 1	NORMAL USER I	ADVANCED USER/CU 8000
INGE RX FRQ INGE TX FRQ INGE BFO FRQ	RX 23496.51 TX 23493.01 BFO = +1.61	Z234965] T234930] B=16]
DTE: LAST DIGIT ALLWAYS I	TERPRETED AS "100 HZ"-DI	IGIT CARACTER STATE
NGE MODE TO A1A 1 MODE TO A2A 1 ANS MODE TO F1B 1	R3E] H3E] A1A] A2A] F1B] LSB]]]] R] H] A1] A2] F] L]
ANGE RX MODE TO JJE ANGE RX MODE TO RJE ANGE RX MODE TO HJE ANGE RX MODE TO LSB	RX J3E1 RX R3E1 RX H3E1	ZJ] ZR] ZH] ZL]
ANGE TX MODE TO 33E ANGE TX MODE TO R3E ANGE TX MODE TO H3E ANGE TX MODE TO H3E ANGE TX MODE TO LSB	TX H3E]	TJ] TR] TH] TL]
ANGE BW TO NARROW	INT) NARR]	(W] (I] (N] (V]
ITCH ATTENUATOR OFF I ITCH RF AMPLIFIER ON I ITCH RF AMPLIFIER OFF I ANGE AGC TO SLOW I ANGE AGC TO FAST I	ATT DFF] RFAMP] RFAMP OFF] AGC SLOW] AGC FAST]	I AT] I AO] I RF] I RO] I AS] I AA] I AF]
NE RX NORMALLY I NE RX FAST I NE BFO I ANGE SENSITIVITY I	TUNE +1 TUNE F-1 BFO+1 SENS ++++-1	TUS++1 TUN+3 TUF-3 B+1 S++++-3
ANGE MODE TO DUPLEX I	SPLX] DPLX]	I SX1 I DX1
ITCH TX ON I ITCH TX OFF I NE TX I	XON] XOFF] XTUNE] LOW] MLOW] MED] FMED]	XN] XF] XT] LO] ML] (ONLY FOR 750W) M] FM] (ONLY FOR 750W) FU]

☎ 0 472 240	452 4 SAIT MAR	INE GY	04
SWITCH DUMMY LOAD ON SWITCH DUMMY LOAD OFF	I DUMMY) I DUMMY OFF1	DM] DO]	•
EXECUTE A SELF-CHECK DETERMINE CONFIGURATION DETERMINE PROGRAM VERSION	I CONFIGI	CC081 CJ VSJ	
FILL SCAN BUFFER STEP THRU SCAN BUFFER	I FILL) I SCAN 非非非 非]	F1) SC####]	
CHANGE TELEX AF SHIFT SELECT TELEX ASSIGNED FRO SELECT TELEX CARRIER FRO	I TELEX ASSIGNED]	I TL17] I TLA] I TLC]	
REDUCE CT POWER (TRP8250) FULL CT POWER (TRP8750) REDUCE POWER GENERALLY CHANGE METER TO WATT'S CHANGE METER TO AMP'S	I FUC] I PWR 100] I WATT]	I CT] I FUC] I P100] I WA] I AM]	
DISPLAY BEO FRO PLAY TX STATUS L_LAY RX STATUS DISPLAY COMMAND MENU	1 TX?] 1 RX?]	I B?] I T?] I Z?] I HL]	
NOTE: THE LAST 3 COMMANDS	CAN'T BE EXECUTED FROM	CU 8000.	

UTE: THE LAST 3 COMMANDS CAN'T BE EXECUTED FROM CU 8000. 1 = "CR" OR "CR"-"LF". "SP". "." MAY BE INTERSPERSED BETWEEN CHARACTERS AD LIBITUM TO

STATUS MESSAGE FORMAT _____ NORMAL PROMPT, INDICATES TU 8XXX READY FOR COMMAND > ? PARITY OR SYNTAX ERROR IN ÷ RECEIVED COMMAND ILLEGAL COMMAND ATU BXXX DOESN'T RESPOND TO ALL A <XTUNE> COMMAND SWR? ATU BXXX HAS DETECTED SWR>4 SWR! ATU BXXX HAS DETECTED SWR 4 AFTER ISSUING (SWR?) MESSAGE PWR? POWER LEVEL HAS BEEN REDUCED TO PROTECT PA PWR! POWER LEVEL HAS BEEN RESTORED AFTER ISSUING <PWR?> MESSAGE #03 ERROR CODE 3 RETURNED DURING SELFCHECK *X1A234X55CM THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED AS RESPONSE TO A (CONFIG) COMMAND *VERSION 831209-2.0 THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED AS RESPONSE TO A (VERSION)

ENHANCE READABILITY.

THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED AS BFOFRO = +1.6 KHZ RESPONSE TO A (BED?) COMMAND . THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED AS TXFRO = 23493.00 KHZ RESPONSE TO A KTX?> COMMAND MODE = SMPLX, J3E POWER - MAX STATUS- ON THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED AS RXFRQ = 23496.50 KHZ MODE = SMPLX, J3E BANDW = INTERM RESPONSE TO A (RX?) COMMAND STATUS= AGE SLOW, REAMP DEE, ATT OFF COMMAND MENU FOR TU 8XXX: RX 23496.5(Z234965), TX 23493.0(T234930), BFD=+1.6(B=16) TUL_ S+(TUS+), TUNE -(TUN-), TUNE F+(TUF+) SPLX(SX), DPLX(D) KN), X0FF(XF), XTUNE(XT), LOW(LD), MED(M), FULL(FU)
KEX 12(CC12), CONFIG(C), VERSION(VS) FILL..(FI..), SCAN ##(SC##) TELEX 1700(TL17) CT(CT), PWR 100(P100) BF0?(B7), TX?(T?), RX?(Z?), HELP(HL) THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED AS RESPONSE TO A (HELP) COMMAND AGC CAPABILITY MATRIX A2A MODE SSB R3E H3E A1A F1B

5)- w	OK DEFAULT OK	OK DEFAULT OK	DEFAULT ILLEGAL OK	OK DEFAULT OK	DEFAULT OK OK	OK ILLEGAL ILLEGAL	
ñ						•	۰ ۲	4
1	MODE	BANDWITH SSB	CAPBILITY MA R3E	ATRIX H3E	A2A	A1A	F1B	
ł	WIDE INTER NARR. JNAR.	ILLEGAL DEFAULT ILLEGAL ILLEGAL	ILLEGAL DEFAULT ILLEGAL ILLEGAL	DEFAULT ILLEGAL ILLEGAL ILLEGAL	OK DEFAULT OK DK	OK DEFAULT OK OK	ILLEGAL ILLEGAL ILLEGAL DEFAULT	